

NOLAND'S NERVE.

He Repovers His Composure and Continues to Reiterate His Innocence.

Gov. Francis Being Charged With Criminal Neglect of Duty in Not Examining the Accounts Monthly.

O'Day's Big Bluff at the Lindell Hotel Conference—He First Offered to Pay the Full Amount of the Deficit, but by Degrees Came Down to \$25,000—A Bet of a Box of Cigars Was Made in the Room That He Would Not Pay Anything—Chairman Elliott Said to Have Subscribed John E. Elliott's Portion of the Pot—The Situation in Jefferson City—Banker Fleming Says He Will Not Be Muzzled.

Treasurer Noland's firmest friends have lost faith in his assertions that the Treasury will be found all right when the investigation is concluded. That there is a shortage is now taken as an unquestionable fact in Jefferson City. There is a difference of opinion though as to the amount. The statement is reported as coming from good authority that the exact amount of the deficit is \$2,617.10. The fact that ever since the report of a shortage first got out the amount missing has been placed at \$23,000 or thereabouts, has led to the general belief that the Governor's information about the condition of the Treasury must have been of a very defective character, and hence must have come either directly or indirectly from some person in a position to secure accurate figures. Either John T. Clarke, late of the State Auditor's office, or Lou V. Stephens of Booneville, who have informed the Governor while in New York of the Treasury shortage. He had to accept. Mr. Clarke has been so far the treatment he received from the State Convention in 1888, and is very unfriendly to the Auditor and Treasurer. Lou Stephens has been looking for the Treasury for some time, and probably thought this was his opportunity.

When Noland's friends are asked how they are willing to admit that there is a shortage when he reiterates that he does not they simply reply: "What else can he do?" But, though many of his friends now believe that the Treasurer is short they have not deserted him. On the contrary they propose to stand by him. It is such assurances, it is claimed, which have given Noland up again. The shortage will be made up, it is said, and the state treasury Noland related most strongly. It is everywhere asserted by the friends of the Treasurer that if the Governor had not set his mind on appointing his friend Stephens to the position that Noland would never have been disgraced in the manner he has been. They assert that the Governor's claim that he was acquitted solely by a sense of duty in making the fact known may be all right for him to go on with, but that the fact remains that if he had not done so he would have been a Governor, there could not have been any shortage; at least, it could not have been discovered. It is now asserted to be. He has never performed his duty in regard to the state treasury. Under the statute the Treasurer is required to make report in writing to the Governor under oath on the first day of every month of the amount of money received by him during the previous month, and the balance on hand to the credit of the several funds and in what bank or banks deposited. He is also required to make a similar report of the money received by the state and the deposits of the amount in the hands of the Treasurer. The Governor is required without delay to compare these reports and see that they tally and are correct. It is claimed that had the Governor attended to his duty in this matter the deficit would have been discovered at the first month it began. The Governor is charged with neglect and carelessness in his connection with the treasury. Some of the Governor's friends excuse him because of his absence from the office for the greater part of the term since he was elected, which they say is unavoidable. There are many, however, who are not inclined to take such a lenient view, and a bitter feeling has been engendered among them by the action of Democracy.

THE BOND BOX TO QUESTION. Wm. H. Swift, one of Noland's bondsmen, was seen to-day by John O'Day, who had just received any authentic information as to the state of Treasurer Noland's accounts. He said:

"No, I know nothing whatever about the matter. What about the story that your portion of the amount necessary to cover the alleged deficit was paid up by John O'Day?" "I have nothing to say about it." "You signed the bond, did you not?" "Where you not notified to attend the meeting of bondsmen at the Lindell Hotel?" "I was not notified to attend any meeting." "You heard of the deficit though?" "Now see here there is no use of my asking you any more questions because I know nothing about it and what is more I hope I will never hear anything about it." "The statement that the deficit was paid up by the bond and that John O'Day is bound to pay not only comes from Jefferson City, but is also currently reported in St. Louis. Mr. Swift's refusal to answer any question at that point is certainly remarkable. It is the truth that such really is the case there is no doubt as to what the deficit is, and the deficit being given to the public. It is not improbable that in this, as in many other political matters, Swift is credited with knowing more than he really does."

THE NOLAND BONDSMEN are generally reluctant to talk, but when they do open their mouths they generally allow something interesting to escape. Post-Dispatch reporter this morning met one of them at the Lindell Hotel. "I cannot give you anything as to the amount of the shortage," he said, "as all we know is rumor, just such stories as have been published in the newspapers, the only difference being that the rumors generally come to us first. When we hear that the deficit was \$25,000, we say so, and when we hear that it was \$23,000, we say so, but we do not know it, and if there is no real Noland will be a greatly injured man. If there is a shortage, though, you can depend upon it that it will be in the pockets of the bondsmen. We will not even have to bring suit on it. We fear that there will be a deficit of \$25,000 to \$40,000, though, but we do not know. This belief is rumor, more or less well substantiated. We calculate that eight-eighths of the twenty-five bondsmen

are solvent. Any one of these will be good for the amount named. You understand the liability of the bondsmen is not limited to the amount for which he subscribes. If the loss is \$40,000, and the bondsmen are \$25,000, and one of them is qualified for but \$20,000, he can pay the \$20,000, he is good for it and the State recovers against him alone. "Have all of the bondsmen paid their proportion of the probable shortage?"

"No." "O'DAY AND ELLIOTT have not paid anything as yet. One man, and that was Charles Elliott, president at the time that Elliott would not pay on account of the probability that Lou Stephens would come into the office of Treasurer, and said, if he did not pay it he would, which he has since done. You see Elliott and Stephens both live in Booneville, and they are rival bankers. Elliott hates Stephens like poison, and that is the reason he backed out."

"How about O'Day?" "Well, if there was a man in that meeting who would agree to go into another agreement with O'Day I don't know who it is. O'Day was only expected to pay up as the other bondsmen paid, but he started on a hurrah and offered to pay the whole thing, laughing at the probability of being backed out and offered to pay \$15,000. As O'Day was the big man in getting up the bond he was accorded that privilege, but after he saw that his offer had met with favor he reconsidered and said he would pay \$15,000. He weakened again and fell to \$10,000, then to \$7,000, which he was fully raised upon to pay, then to \$5,000, and finally to \$2,500. He has yet to pay this. When he first began to weaken one of the bondsmen offered to take a box of cigars O'Day wouldn't say anything. The bet was taken and has been paid by the man who bet O'Day wouldn't pay anything."

MR. CHARLES C. MAFFITT, Chairman of the State Democratic Central Committee, was seen to-day by Post-Dispatch reporter. He had not refused to pay their pro rata share of the shortage.

"I do not know," he replied, "but I have heard considerable of O'Day. I have not heard the others paid up and has he not been given until 1 o'clock to-day to pay his share?" "I don't think anybody has paid up yet. They have probably agreed to pay their pro rata of the shortage, but I don't suppose any of them have actually paid. I do not know of Mr. O'Day being given until 1 o'clock to-day to make his payment."

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THE SITUATION IN JEFFERSON CITY.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 6.—No business was transacted in the Treasury Department to-day. Gov. Francis is still Chief Executive of the State. The Treasurer, John E. Elliott, is still in New York. The only member of the Investigating Committee here, Mr. Stephens, is still in New York. The only member of the Investigating Committee here, Mr. Stephens, is still in New York. The only member of the Investigating Committee here, Mr. Stephens, is still in New York.

THE FLOODS IN THE SOUTH. Great Suffering at Cairo—The Danger in Arkansas. CAIRO, Ill., March 6.—If the river continues to rise the Cotton Belt Road (the St. Louis, Arkansas & Texas) and the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway will be shut out of Bird's Point. The Cotton Belt can only stand another foot and the Iron Mountain has already been forced to move its tracks to some higher ground 300 yards from the former location. This will enable them to continue operation if the 48-foot mark here is not passed. It is all about Cairo there is great suffering on account of the flood, and trading on the river is almost suspended.

Under Water. NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 6.—The lower part of the city is under water and Edgefield is fearful of the flood that promises to submerge it. Traffic has been very much impeded by high water on the smaller streams and the washing out of bridges and trestles. The loss of one Tennessee River bridge at Johnsonville has been the most serious impediment to travel.

RAILROAD TRAFFIC INTERRUPTED. A Severe Sleet and Snow Storm in and Around New York.

NEW YORK, March 6.—A severe storm of sleet and snow which started in this city last night still rages this morning. It extends along the Hudson River, and in the Mohawk valley there has been a fall of eight inches at 10 o'clock and still snowing. Railroad traffic is interrupted and no trains are running.

Obituary. By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, O., March 6.—A. Gerrard, a wealthy farmer of this vicinity, died last night of heart disease. He was a member of the A. O. U. W. Lodge.

THE TELEGRAPH SCHOOLS

LABOR COMMISSIONER MERRIWEATHER UN- EARTHLY SOME DISAGREEABLE FACTS.

How the Business of the Western Telegraph School Was Conducted—Pupils Tell Their Stories—Warrants Applied For—Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dislikes Will Issue the Documents To-Day.

The examination by State Labor Commissioner Les Merriweather of pupils of the "Western" Telegraph School yesterday brought out some interesting facts. Miss Emma Fisher of 4041 North Market street said she paid \$40 in advance to E. Bailey Roth, the owner of the Western school, to be taught telegraphy and secure a position. She thought the school was well run, and the Western Union Telegraph Co. she learned little, was pronounced competent but never got a situation.

Miss Lillie Todd, who went through the same school, made application for a job to the Western Union Telegraph Co. on the strength of the recommendation given at the school, and was laughed at.

Robert J. Hewett, chief instructor of the Southern Western Railroad Telegraph School, said he never knew a pupil of the Western School to be given a position.

Charles M. Hammond, Superintendent of the Missouri Pacific Railway Telegraph School, never gave a position to a Western graduate.

Other witnesses told of their experience with the Western school, their invariable payments for tuition and invariable failure to get positions, or acquire the shortest course sufficient knowledge of telegraphy.

WARRANT APPLIED FOR. This morning Mr. Merriweather, accompanied by a former pupil of the school, appeared at the Four Courts and was for some time closeted with the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney. When they emerged from the office both men hurried away, declining, for the present, to state what criminal action they intended to take.

Mr. Dirkes said that Merriweather first wanted a warrant for Roth for failing to obtain from Bryant the sum of \$40. It appears from the story told by Bryant that on June 30 last he sent Roth's advertisement in one of the St. Louis papers. On July 3 he answered it in person, applying for a position. Roth's situation, however, was not to be given to him by which Bryant was to pay him \$40. Roth's situation, however, was not to be given to him by which Bryant was to pay him \$40.

Every person who agrees or who shall advertise through the public press or by letter to furnish employment or to pursue of advertisement agreement or promise shall be liable to a fine of \$100 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

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Scuggs, Lander and Barney DRY GOODS CO.

Special Bargain Lots for Friday. MAIN FLOOR.

LINEN DEP'T!

200 Pairs Extra Heavy All Linen Hemstitched Pillow Cases, size 22x36 inches, at \$1.39 per pair. Less than the price of the linen.
500 Damask Sideboard or Table Scarfs, 2 yards long, large variety of colored stripes, at 48c each; were 75c.
225 Bleached Linen Scarfs, 2 yards long, one row of wide and two rows of narrow drawn work, At 75c each; about half price.
30 Pieces 8-4 Bleached Satin Damask, fine quality, latest styles, at 87c.
Will compare with any goods offered at \$1.

OUR SALE OF TOWELS

IS STILL IN PROGRESS, and comprises HUCK, DAMASK, MONTIE, OATMEAL, DIAPER AND OTHER FANCY WEAVES, and ranges in price from 10c to 29c each. No such values have ever been offered in St. Louis.

MANGLED BY MACHINERY.

Terrible Accident at Joplin, Mo.—Disastrous

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch. JOPLIN, Mo., March 6.—A frightful accident occurred about 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the Winchell mine, on the White Sulphur Co.'s ground, north of Turkey Creek, N. A. Waite was rolling the rolls when the star wheel caught the loose sleeve of his blouse and drew his right arm into the machinery. The unfortunate man had no opportunity to save himself. In a second's time his arm was drawn between the heavy cog-wheels, up to the shoulder, and his head was jammed hard against them in such a manner as to cause frightful injuries. Beginning at a line near the middle of the back part of the head almost the entire scalp on the right side was stripped from the skull, the right eye was torn from the socket, the nose was torn off, the left cheek was cut and bruised into a shapeless mass and the bones of the right arm were crushed and driven into pieces. Notwithstanding his frightful injuries Waite retained consciousness. He was removed to his home at Lone Elm at once, and Drs. Price and Rose found that his right arm was in shreds and they amputated it at the shoulder. Death came to his relief at 8 o'clock. The deceased was aged 39 years. He leaves surviving him a wife and three children.

Disastrous Wreck.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 6.—Two disastrous wrecks occurred on the Cumberland Valley Railroad this morning. At Shippensburg, Pa., eight freight cars were derailed, and the passenger car was badly wrecked. The other wreck occurred almost at the same time, some six miles from the scene of the first. A fast freight train, loaded with coal, was badly wrecked. The train was stopped by the engine which was badly wrecked. The loss to the railroad was \$10,000. The cause of the accident was a defective switch.

Serious Gas Explosion.

WICHITA, Kan., March 6.—By means of a defective pipe artificial gas collected in a room in the Schwartz block, on the corner of Main and Douglas, and being discovered a plumber was sent for. On his arrival he struck a match, which ignited the gas, causing a violent explosion. The explosion was so violent that it blew the windows out of the building, and two rooms badly torn up.

Fatally Injured.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch. WICHITA, Kan., March 6.—Mrs. H. Russell was thrown from her carriage this morning by a defective wheel, and is thought fatally injured.

GEN. PALMER'S LETTER.

He States How He Stands as a Candidate for Senator.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 6.—Unusual interest attaches to to-day's meeting here of the Democratic State Central Committee on account of the published announcement in this morning's Times that ex-Gov. Palmer would be a candidate for the United States Senate. The Times says that Gen. Palmer has written a letter to the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, in which he stated in unmistakable language the exact conditions under which he will accept the Democratic leadership in the coming campaign for United States Senator. This letter is intended as a response to Democratic inquiries from all points of the State. Mindful of the legitimate ambition of many other prominent Democrats of the State, it states that what is most to be desired in the coming State Convention is a unity of action. Under one condition only will Gen. Palmer come to the Democratic State Convention. Should the sentiment of the delegates to the coming State convention be that the Democratic candidate for United States Senator should be named by that convention, and should that convention consent of the record and principles of Gen. Palmer, he will come to the State Convention and request him to make a personal canvass throughout the State in the coming legislative election, then only would he accept the nomination.

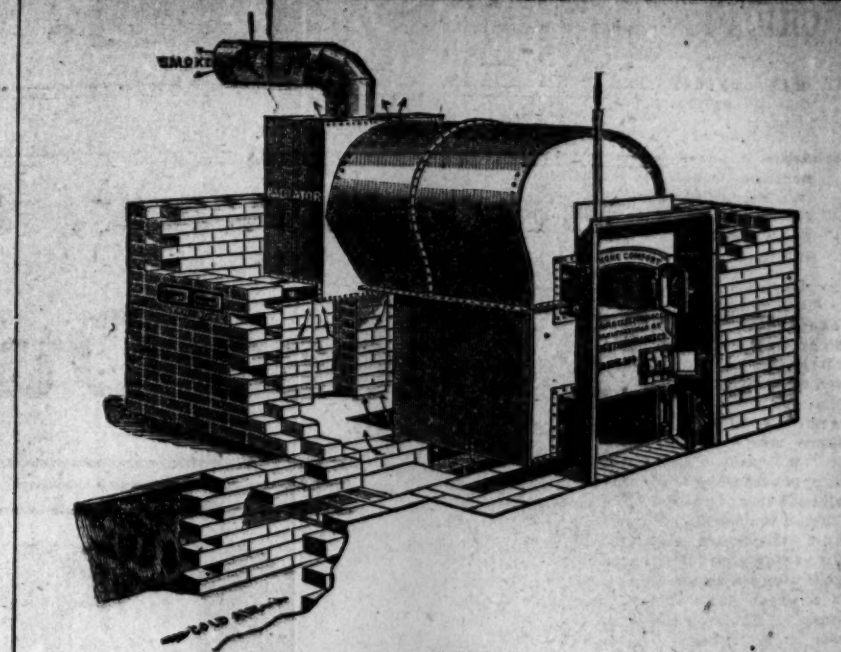
RECOVERING THE STOLEN MONEY.

The Pacific Express Co. Working Wagon for All He Has Left.

It was reported to-day that F. A. Walton, the Pacific Express clerk who left Dallas, Tex., with a \$35,000 package of currency, had returned to Dallas under promise that he would not be prosecuted, and that he had left with a woman, making about \$25,000 recovered so far. It was also reported that Walton had passed through Louisville yesterday in company with two Pinkerton detectives, en route to Dallas. Assistant Supt. Alken, in charge of the affair at Dallas, however, stated that the woman who had returned was the abandoned money clerk's father. He would not permit him to be seen, though, and the opinion at Dallas was for that reason that the woman who had returned was the abandoned money clerk's father. Assistant Superintendent Case, in charge in this city in the absence of Supt. Fuller, said he could not say whether Walton was in Dallas or not. He thought Supt. Fuller was, and Mr. Fuller was with Walton in Canada.

Factory Burned.

BEVERLY, Ill., March 6.—F. W. Plante's screen and door factory was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, \$25,000; insurance, \$5,000.



"Home Comfort" Steel Hot-Air Furnaces THE BEST ON EARTH

NO GAS, SMOKE OR DUST and a perfectly pure radiation of heat guaranteed. Private dwellings, schools and churches satisfactorily and economically heated. Read following testimonials:

ST. LOUIS, March 1, 1890. Wrought Iron Range Co., City—DEAR SIR:—Replying to your favor of the 28th I will say that our furnace is working all right. It makes our house comfortable and I take pleasure in recommending it. The Wrought Iron "Home Comfort" manufactured by you. Yours truly, GEORGE TAYLOR, 3726 Washington Av.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 23, 1890.

Wrought Iron Range Co.—In reply to your inquiry I have to report the furnace which you furnished me with some thirty months ago is still working satisfactorily. We understand its management pretty well. It is one of the smallest size, has no smoke pipe damper. Its simplicity is one of its great recommendations. I prefer it to any other I have ever seen. Yours truly, WM. A. McMURRAY, M. D., 8043 Washington Av.

Made Only by the

WROUGHT IRON RANGE COMPANY.

Office and Factory, Washington and Lucas ays., from 19th to 20th sts.

Retail Salesroom 1001 Olive Street.

Sole Agents for Missouri and Arkansas for the Celebrated "I.Y. MAN" VAPOR GAS AND GASOLINE STOVES, Also, Agents for the LEONARD CLEANABLE REFRIGERATOR.

Established 1864.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

The Day's Trading Fair—Favorable Outlook

The Mining Exchange market was fairly active to-day, but without any special feature. The transactions were: American, 1,100 at \$1.24; Central Silver, 1,500 at \$1.24; Gold King, 100 at \$1.24; Keystone, 5,500 at \$1.24; La Union, 5,500 at \$1.24; Montana, 1,000 at \$1.24; Mickey Green, 100 at \$1.24; Park Murphy, 200 at \$1.24; Pine Grove, 500 at \$1.24; Southern Queen, 200 at \$1.24; Tonolowick, 7,000 at \$1.24; Union, 1,500 at \$1.24; Casade, 200 at \$1.24 and 140; Skyrocket was 214 bid, 214 asked.

RELEASED FROM JAIL.

Five Prisoners Let Out by the Action of the Grand Jury.

On an order issued by the foreman of the Grand Jury Jailer Callahan this morning released from custody five prisoners, the members of the Grand Jury had seen and ignored. These men were Andrew Wand, charged with robbery in the first degree; Patrick Kennedy and James Kennedy, jointly charged with burglarizing in the second degree, and larceny; Wm. Freeman, charged with larceny; and a man named J. M. Smith, charged with larceny. In the others the evidence was of such a nature that reasonable doubt was created as to their guilt.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Frank Glass, S. Broadway and Lami at Elizabeth Hemming, Jefferson County, Mo. Joseph A. Martin, 2319 Franklin av. and Lami at Elizabeth Hemming, Jefferson County, Mo. Charles O. Wood, 1551 S. 34th and Lami at Elizabeth Hemming, Jefferson County, Mo. Gustave Bartholomew, 1715 Lafayette and Lami at Elizabeth Hemming, Jefferson County, Mo. Anna H. Fisher, 2408 S. 10th av. and Lami at Elizabeth Hemming, Jefferson County, Mo.

PURE-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.

MEEROD & JACARD JEWELRY CO., COR. BROADWAY & LOCUST ST.

Fired by Thieves.

STAFFORD, Kan., March 6.—Frank O. West's drug store was entered yesterday at 1 o'clock by burglars and the safe was blown open and robbed of a small sum of money. The store was then set on fire by the thieves to cover up their work, and the building with its contents was destroyed. The fire extended to the store occupied by James Morrell, which was also destroyed. The loss will reach \$9,000; insurance, \$1,000.

Wanted in Memphis.

J. Clay Johnston, wanted on the charge of forgery by the authorities of Memphis, Tenn., was arrested in this city to-day by Detective Burke and Fitzgerald. The Memphis officers have been notified and will send for the prisoner.

Now Is the Time

To purify your blood and fortify your system against the debilitating effects of spring weather. As no other season is the blood taste in the mouth more prominent, the breath so offensive, the arrows diseases so frequent or that extreme tired feeling so prevalent. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine to build up the system, purify the blood, cure biliousness and headache, overcome that tired feeling and create a good appetite.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1.00 per bottle. Prepared only by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apocryphics, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

We'd like our special dress fabrics' week to wind up in a blaze of glory. The manager of this department, while in New York, made a great job purchase of wool dress goods that

retail at 30, 35 and 40 cents. These goods will all be placed on sale to-morrow and Saturday at 25 cents a yard.

This sale will include extra wide striped beiges; striped cheviot suitings; striped cashmeres and side-band suitings, 8 to 10 inches deep, bands in Vandycks, lace effects and all the latest ideas in borderings.

All stylish, new goods, 38 and 40 inches wide, half and two-thirds wool. As to colors; all the new reds are represented, the deep old shades of green and blue, as well as the brighter tints, very handsome browns, tans, grays and the new dark mahogany colors.

We will sell the whole lot at 25 cents a yard, but they may not last over Saturday. Barr's cordially invite the

ladies to come down and see some new 56-in. big plaid pure wool flannel suitings for bias suits or the stylish peasant cloaks. Remember the width. Price \$1 a yard. Rich, beautiful browns and tans, barred with old blue, or with an old

copper stripe running through, also in small checks, for traveling and street gowns. Double-width all-wool flannel suitings in all the fashionable colors, worth 40 cents a yard, for 29 cents.

A thousand pieces 33-inch

china silks, 2, 3 and 4 yd remnants, worth a dollar a yard, for 59c. Colored scrims, worth 20c, for 12c. Coin spot Swiss, worth 40c, for 25c.

6th, Olive and Locust, St. Louis.

Barr's

CHICAGO'S BIG BLUFF.

IT MAY DEFEAT THE WORLD'S FAIR PROJECT FOR 1892.

Senators Opposed to a Government Appropriation—Other Schemes for a Celebration Being Considered—St. Louis' Chances for Securing the Leavenworth Military Headquarters—Kansas City Making a Bid for It.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—What will happen now that Chicago admits its inability to produce the necessary funds for carrying out the project of World's Fair as committed to her by Congress and on the presence of the Senate, it is a great question with those who voted for that city. If there was politics in the assignment it is said that the Government support asked by that city must be extended, else the side of politics in Illinois may change. Then it is the \$10,000,000 asked for the appropriation of the South and East will find fault for having voted it to a city that promised to go it alone without Government aid. There is a great deal of talk about the situation. The Senate is not, nor has it been disposed at any time to vote the money for a World's Fair, but it is to be voted the leading Senators are of the opinion that the event should be consummated at the capital of the country. It looks very much just now as if there would be no fair for want of an appropriation and the affair may result in a national commemoration of the great discovery by a celebration of another character in New York or Washington at a small expense to the Government. Every day is detracting from the prospects of a fair at Chicago, so some of the leading men here state.

THE LEAVENWORTH HEADQUARTERS.
The headquarters at Leavenworth are to be removed. Where to is a question which is just now absorbing the attention of the War Department. The removal of the headquarters will carry with it the supply depot and whether that shall be abolished or not is another question. The President of the Commercial Club at Kansas City telegraphed to Representative Tamm as follows:

"It is rumored here that the Government Purchasing Department is to be removed from Leavenworth. If so what can we do to locate it in Kansas City rather than let it go to St. Louis?"
Mr. Tamm at once sought out the Secretary of War, who said that he had determined to remove the military headquarters from Leavenworth, but that it had not been determined whether to abolish the depot of supplies or remove it with the headquarters to some other place. The Secretary said that he had been considering Kansas City with a view of locating the headquarters there, and was very kindly to that place. The department, the Secretary stated, would be influenced, if not wholly controlled, by the recommendation of Gen. Merritt, the Department Commander, and Gen. Schofield. If any arguments were to be made, the Secretary suggested that they first be submitted to Gen. Merritt who would in turn forward them to the War Department, and that finally they would come before the department. By reason of being a recruiting depot the War Department is not in a position to remove it from Leavenworth. The prospects for reconstruction of Jefferson Barracks and other motives may prompt the selection of St. Louis after all. There are already many influences at work and St. Louis should not be behind in the matter.

KANSAS CITY'S NEW BUILDING.
The bill for the construction of a federal building at Kansas City was favorably reported today. The amount is reduced from \$1,000,000 to \$1,000,000.
There is one less candidate in the field from Missouri for Deputy Commissioner of Penitentiaries. Dr. W. H. Caudill of Pleasant Hill has retired from the contest, and will turn his attention to securing an appointment as Penitentiary Surgeon. He had secured the support of twenty additional surgeons for that position.
Representative Wm. H. Wade in speaking of the report that he had been unfair to Capt. C. W. Caudill, said that he had been unfair to Capt. Caudill, but that he had done the same thing for the former that he had done for the latter, and that he had done so for the noble in Capt. Caudill's behalf.

J. H. Bartlett of the Indian Nation is here looking after his interests. He has been elected to Congress. Mr. Bartlett is of the opinion that if a properly constructed commission should be sent to the Indians, they could obtain the lands wanted by the Government at a fair price above what the former commission offered, \$1.25 per acre.

Postmasters Nominated.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations of Postmasters:

PENNSYLVANIA—John B. Emery, Williamsport; John A. Gilliland, Allegheny; Mrs. J. W. Kead, Centre; A. S. Miller, Altoona; W. J. Welby, Greensburg; Owen Fowler, Freeport.
LOUISIANA—Alexander J. MacGregor, Baton Rouge; Paul Desobry, Lake Charles.
TEXAS—Edward M. Johnson, Terrell.
FLORIDA—George Robinson, Ocala.
MISSISSIPPI—Barnes, Jackson.
MISSOURI—Vinson T. Williams, Stansbury; Miss Mary E. Rodman, Richmond; Valentine Froult, Charleston.
MARYLAND—John C. Guthrie, Maryland; Matthew C. Mitchell, Maryland.
KENTUCKY—Austin T. Gilson, Innsmouth.
MICHIGAN—Oliver D. Hutchinson, Hutchinson.
INDIANA—Wm. Breeding, Edinburg; John H. Reesick, Lagrange.
ILLINOIS—Theodore J. Hutton, Rushville; Amos B. Tindler, Monticello; Benj. E. Robinson, Fairbury.
NORTH DAKOTA—Charles H. Honey, Park River.
SOUTH DAKOTA—John W. Beattie, Mitchell.

The Duty on Hops.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—The Ways and Means Committee today heard the representatives of the Brewers' Association in opposition to an increase of duty on hops. President Lane of Chicago presented a number of statistics and argued that an increase of the duty would not benefit the American hop grower, but would benefit the foreign hop grower. He stated that the American hop grower normally all the hops required, except a few imported hops used for flavoring beer. Their hops were the best in the world and were in quantities were exported. To raise the duty would be to injure the hop grower and to suffer severely in those years when there was a failure of the domestic crop. The committee was inclined with the present duty of 8 cents per pound, which in 1888 amounted to an ad valorem duty of nearly 44 per cent, but if there was to be an increase in the duty on hops then a corresponding increase should be made in the duty on imported hops.

After the Correspondents.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—The Senate is now at work in the Senate chamber on the correspondence for publishing the proceedings of executive sessions. A committee, of which Senator Delph is Chairman, is trying to ascertain the source of the leak, but as yet has learned but little. A number of the Senators are very indignant, particularly Senators Evans, Blair and Blackburn, who are in the position of the Senate and are very much annoyed. A meeting of the Senate will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow. It is reported that the offending correspondent will be sent to jail for contempt. Senator Blackburn of Kentucky, in a letter to the Senate, said that he was not at all surprised that the offending correspondent should be sent to jail for contempt. He said that he was not at all surprised that the offending correspondent should be sent to jail for contempt. He said that he was not at all surprised that the offending correspondent should be sent to jail for contempt.

The Noble-Tyler Matter.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—The argument before the United States Supreme Court in the Noble-Tyler case was finished yesterday. The argument of Mr. J. H. Choate was to the effect that the officers of the Supreme Court had a right to protect the judges.

in the discharge of their duties. Attorney-General Johnson of California contended that Congress might pass a law to protect judges while traveling over their circuits, but argued that no such law had been passed. To out the police power of California it was necessary to pass such a law.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

The Senate.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—The bill to increase the efficiency and reduce the expenses of the signal corps of the army and for the transfer of the weather service to the Department of Agriculture, was reported and placed on the calendar. Among the bills introduced and referred were:

By Mr. Culum—For a monument to John Ericsson.
By Mr. Pasco—For the punishment of officers and others selecting jurors with reference to political affiliations.
By Mr. Dawes (by request)—To amend the revised statutes so as to permit the purchase of the land of the United States for employment in the foreign trade.
The calendar was taken up and the following bills passed:
Giving a salary of \$75 a month to the daughter of Maj.-Gen. W. J. Worth.
Increasing to \$100 a month the pension of the widow of John A. Smith.
The Senate at 1:30, on motion of Mr. Dolph, proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—The speaker laid before the House a message from the President transmitting a report of the Commission on the subject of the removal of the military headquarters from Leavenworth. The report was read and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.
The House then proceeded to the consideration of a bill for the removal of the military headquarters from Leavenworth. The bill was passed by a vote of 150 yeas to 100 nays.
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RAILROAD NEWS.

Railroad Representatives Meet to Discuss Western Passenger Rates.
A meeting was held this morning in the office of Maj. C. S. Crane, secretary of the St. Louis Passenger Association. Representatives of the following lines were present: The Missouri Pacific, the Wabash Railroad, Chicago & Alton, St. Louis & Santa Fe, St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern, and Missouri, Kansas & Texas. The object of the meeting was to discuss and issue a supplement to the present rate-sheet complying with the recent reduction, going into effect on March 1st. It will therefore reduce rates of travel on the lines of the association, but no action was taken. Mr. Lawrence of Illinois presented a petition of 6,000 railway postal clerks praying for an increase of salary.

The House in the Committee of Whole, proceeded to the consideration of public building bills.

SHOE DEP'T.

Ladies' French Kid Shoes, hand-sewed; regular price, \$7.00; Red-Letter Price, \$4.00.
Ladies' Cloth Top Shoes, Common Sense and Opera; all sizes; regular price, \$3.50; Red-Letter Price, \$2.50.
Ladies' Paris Kid Opera, a shoe we can guarantee to be sold everywhere at \$4.00. Our Price, \$2.00.
Child's Spring-heel Grosgrain shoe, leather tip, sizes 8 to 11; regular price, \$1.00; Red-Letter Price, 75c.

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TO MAKE ANOTHER GREAT HIT and GAIN ONE MORE POINT OVER COMPETITORS,

We Will Astonish All St. Louis Again With Another Remarkable Cheap Sale.

RED-LETTER DAY

To-Morrow (FRIDAY) OUR GREAT

Read the Prices Below.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
Lot of 48-inch Swiss Flouncings; regular price, 50c yd.
Red-Letter Price, 25c yd.
Lot of Silk Parilla Vellings; regular price, 50c yd.
Red-Letter Price, 10c yd.
Lot of Cream Silk Spanish Fichus; regular price, 25c each.
Red-Letter Price, 25c each.
Lot of Crepe Lisse Rushing; regular price, 20c yd.
Red-Letter Price, 5c yd.

NOTION DEP'T.
Toilet Soap, 50 per cent Glycerine, equal to Pearl's; regular price, 50c box of 100.
This Sale, 15c box.
Swandown Face Powder; regular price, 10c box.
This Sale, 5c box.
Super quality White Pearl Buttons; regular price, 18c dozen.
This Sale, 7 1-2c Doz.
1 Lot Paras; regular price, 5c each.
This Sale, 3c Each.

SHOE DEP'T.
Ladies' French Kid Shoes, hand-sewed; regular price, \$7.00; Red-Letter Price, \$4.00.
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The chorus, as usual, was in excellent trim and made their "attacks" with great precision. The soloists were also in excellent trim and made their "attacks" with great precision. The chorus, as usual, was in excellent trim and made their "attacks" with great precision.

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8—GREAT BARGAIN LOTS—8
35c Ladies' Hose, Go Friday at 19c
25c Ladies' Hose, Go Friday at 11c
25c Children's Hose, Go Friday at 18c
25c Gents' Socks, Go Friday at 18c
25c Ladies' fine Jersey Vests, Go Friday at 10c
Gents' Wool Shirts, gray and red; regular \$1.25 and \$1.50. Go Friday at 69c
65c Gents' fine White Night Shirts, Go Friday at 37c
35c Gents' fine Suspenders, Go Friday at 15c

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR DEP'T.
Corset Covers at 15c.
Splendid Muslin, low-necked, trimmed in everlasting edge, excellent value at 25c; will go for Red Letter Day ONLY.... At 15c
Chomise at 39c.
Ladies' Muslin, solid yoke of embroidery, excellent value at 49c; for Red Letter Day ONLY.... At 39c
Night Robes at 59c.
Mother Hubbard style, best muslin, solid tucked yoke, double back, trimmed elaborately with good Hamburg embroidery, excellent value at 90c; Red Letter Day ONLY.... At 59c

Aprons 15c.
Fine Victoria Aprons, with insertion and deep hem, excellent value at 25c; for Red Letter Day ONLY.... At 15c

FLANNELS.
Red Letter Price, 12c per Yard.
Remnants White Shaker Flannel, fine quality; worth 20c

BLANKETS.
Cut Price, \$2.39 per Pair.
One case full-size White Wool Blankets; slightly damaged. Regular price, \$4.50

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Beautiful French Parasols, 3 shades. Only 15c doz; worth 25c

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UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT.
Cut Prices for Friday Only.
Friday's Price, 59c per Pair.
One lot Nottingham Lace Curtains, 7 yards long; 50c yd; plain and figured. Cost from \$3.00
Cut Price, 98c per Pair.
50 pair Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yds long; 50c yd; plain and figured. Cost from \$1.35
Special Price, \$2.59 per Pair.
One lot solid Imported Chenille Portieres, 3 1/2 yds long; plain and figured. Cost from \$3.00
Cut Price, 40c per Yard.
Remnants Plain Nainsook for Aprons, lengths from 2 to 4 yards. For Friday only.

Domestic Department.
Muslins and Sheetings a specialty this Friday. In this sale we offer five cases of yard-wide Lonsdale Bleached Muslin

At 63c Per Yd.
50 pair Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yds long; 50c yd; plain and figured. Cost from \$1.35
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83c NEW 84c SATTEENS
32 inches wide; sold everywhere at 15c per yard. In order to boom this department we offer these goods Friday at 84c yd. This is a great bargain.

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One year, postage paid, every afternoon and
Sunday morning, \$10.00
Six months, 5.00
Three months, 2.50
By the week (delivered by carrier), 20
Sunday edition, by mail, per year, 2.00
Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regu-
larly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the
same to this office by postal card.
All business or news letters or telegrams should be
addressedPOST-DISPATCH,
513 Olive street.POSTAGE.
Entered as the Post-Office, St. Louis, Mo., as
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Eight to sixteen pages, 2 Cents
Eighteen to thirty-two pages, 3 Cents
THIRTY-THREE TO FORTY-FIVE PAGES, 4 CentsFOREIGN.
Daily, 10 Cents
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Editorial Rooms, 255
Business Office, 254
London Office, 32 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross.

TWELVE PAGES

THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1890.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIA-PARRY DAVENPORT.
GRAND OPERA-House-Consolidated Minstrels,
Puffs—"A Dark Secret."
Fulton's—"Blue."Weather forecast for twenty-four
hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day,
for Missouri: Light snow; easterly
winds; warmer.Weather forecast for twenty-four
hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day,
for St. Louis: Fair, followed by light rain
or snow; warmer.The slogan of the Governor: "Turn the
anti-Francis rascals out."COMMANDER McCALLA'S experience
proves that a naval officer loaded with
liquor is not sea-worthy.Should the press gallery be removed
from the Senate chamber what would be-
come of Senator INGALLS?The back of the Democracy of Missouri
is strong, but the twin burdens of personal
bores and scandal are a mighty strain
upon it.THE POST-DISPATCH was the first paper
to announce the Francis programme
of making a vacancy in the Treasury for
the benefit of Chum STEPHENS.BEFORE the vote in Congress Chicago
appeared to be big enough for ten World's
Fairs, but now one World's Fair appears
to be big enough for ten Chicago.TREASURER NOLAND and Gov. FRANCIS
are both entitled to a suspension of public
judgment until the investigating commit-
tee shall have reported what the books
show and exactly how much cash there is
on hand.The virtuous determination of Gov.
FRANCIS to conceal no raciality in the
State Treasury would be Spartan and
magnificent were it not applied to the
raciality of an anti-Francis man in order
to make room for a Francis man.THE POST-DISPATCH announced on Tues-
day afternoon that the Francis pro-
gramme included the removal of NOLAND
and the appointment of STEPHENS in his
place. This item of news has at last been
discovered by the morning papers.ONE would suppose from the list of
gentlemen who are in consultation with
the Governor that the suspension and con-
templated ousting of Treasurer NOLAND
represented the decision of a party caucus,
not the determination of Missouri's Gov-
ernor to save the State from injury.Gov. CAMPBELL has proclaimed himself
the Governor of Ohio and not of the
Democratic State machine by his order
with reference to subordinate appoint-
ments. His refusal to control petty offices
is in brilliant contrast with FORAKER's
attempt to control everything in his own
interest.THE members of the School Board who
are charged, upon excellent evidence,
with non-payment of taxes, are not help-
ing their cause in the estimation of the
public by the adoption of the rule-or-ruin
policy. This is in itself proof of a selfish
ambition, which utterly disregards the
public interests with which they are in-
trusted.MERCE of Jackson and GATES of
Buchanan got into serious difficulties be-
fore the end of their respective terms as
State Treasurers, and were saved from
impeachment by party favor only. If
NOLAND of Jackson should be ousted
for cause, it would seem that the Demo-
cracy had made a big mistake every time
they went to the Kansas border of the
State for a Treasurer.THE wise wife and mother pays as much
attention to the decoration of home as to
the actual necessities of furnishing in
order that it may be attractive to hus-
band and children. The wives and
mothers who make their wares known
through the want columns of the SUNDAY
POST-DISPATCH are wise, because they
secure in this way beautiful pictures for
the decoration of their homes.NOLAND still says there is no deficit, and
nobody ventures to say positively that
there is one. If the committee's report
shall sustain his assertion he will be con-

tilled to public sympathy as a much
wronged man. But if the report shows
that he has applied a single dollar of State
money improperly to his own use, down
goes NOLAND to the bottom and up pops
LOU V. STEPHENS as the ruler of the Mis-
souri Treasury for the next three years.
This sums up the situation as it stands,
pending the investigation and the report
of the committee.

SIZING UP THEIR ELEPHANT.

Signs are plentiful that the Chicagoans
have begun sizing up their World's Fair
elephant and that the result of the in-
spection is an impenetrable cloud of
gloom so thick that it can be broken into
lumps. The Chicago Herald, with a tear-
ful candor which is as refreshing as it is
pathetic, views the loss of the Exposition
by St. Louis and New York as gain and
remarks dolefully that they can console
themselves with the reflection that they
will be saved from a heap of trouble.
Among the consoling particulars are
enumerated the following:

They will not be called upon to raise a large
guarantee fund. They will have no wrangle
over the selection of a site. There will be no
feeling engendered in the matter of elect-
ing a director. None of their professional
prominent citizens will be disappointed be-
cause he did not obtain the place. Their
carpenters will not organize for the purpose
of securing shorter hours and higher wages.
They will not seek to revive their poor
tenants who now find it difficult to obtain
money to keep a roof over their heads. Their
provision dealers will not combi to put up
the price of the necessities of life. It will
be possible for worthy people to obtain board
in these cities at a fair price.

The confession contained in the latter
part of this lament that a system of or-
ganized robbery is to be expected of the
Chicago, tradesmen and hotel-keepers in
order to recoup themselves and make the
most of their opportunities is bad enough,
but it is not so bad as a further lament
that some Chicagoans will be called upon
to exercise the virtue of hospitality. This
virtue is not in the calendar of Chicago.
The spirit which actuates the people up
there is one of selfish greed and gold in-
difference. The fine promises of welcom-
ing all the people with hearty cordiality,
given before the Fair was secured, have
vanished, and in place of it is a wretched
howl over the anticipation that a friend
or relative may drop in upon them in
the hour of their presumed triumphant
success and expect a meal or a lodging or
a courtesy, such as graces friendship, with-
out paying ten pence for it. The Herald
continues:

Very distant and well-nigh forgotten re-
latives, country cousins, old schoolmates and
former neighbors will not seek to revive their
friendship for relatives and acquaintances in
New York and St. Louis. They will seek
those living in the city by the lake. They will
come singly and in pairs and families. They
will arrive by boat, car and carriage. They
will come early and stay late. They will re-
quire to have their breakfast by daylight so
that they can have a long day at the fair.
They will return at night as hungry as camels
that have made a journey across the great
African desert. Of course they will want to
take in all the parks, museums, theaters and
other places of interest. They will also re-
quire some one to show them round, to pay
carfare and buy admission tickets. Some
country visitors never think that city people
have anything to do except to attend places of
amusement, and that they obtain money by
simply drawing it from a bank.

For, pickanish city of false pretenses!
St. Louisans, who have paid out thou-
sands of dollars for free spectacles and
have gladly entertained hundreds of thou-
sands of visitors year after year and ex-
pected to extend cordial welcome and un-
limited hospitality to all should Congress
have favored them with the World's Fair,
can only regard such weak lamentation
and petty stinginess with pity and con-
tempt.

BACKING HER FRIENDS.

While the three St. Louis Congressmen
were uniting with the Missouri delegation
in a unanimous petition to the House
Committee for a favorable report on
Vest's bill, which has passed the Senate,
appropriating \$2,500,000 for another new
Government building at Kansas City, the
Kansas City papers were fairly shrieking
out their joy over the location of the
World's Fair in Illinois rather than in
Missouri. Not content with showing their
preference for Chicago in extravagant
puffs they fairly revelled in coarse abuse
and detraction of St. Louis. Note the fol-
lowing expressions which we find in close
juxtaposition in the same editorial column
of the Kansas City Journal:

Even the St. Louis Congressmen have
signed the petition, and the committee may
take that fact as pretty good evidence that
the appropriation is not an extravagant one.
St. Louis Congressmen would not induce waste-
ful expenditure of public money in Kansas
City. Such an indorsement as this bill has
received is rather remarkable.

And here is the compliment with which,
in the same editorial column, the Journal
pays us for our "remarkable" indorse-
ment of the largest appropriation that
was ever given to a small city:

St. Louis was working against the West and
in the interest of New York. It was anything
but cheap. Poor old St. Louis, sour and
disappointed! She never has succeeded in
beating Chicago, but is unfortunately
"swiped" every time she tries it.

St. Louis has helped Kansas City get
over favor the ever obtained from the
Federal Government. It is to St. Louis and
not to Chicago that Kansas City applies
when she wants a favor. It was St. Louis,
Chicago, that signed that \$2,500,000 peti-
tion. St. Louis recently divided her time
for entertaining the Pan-American dele-
gation with Kansas City, when Chicago
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and continually abusing and misrep-
resenting St. Louis.

INDIAN AGENT LEAHY at the La Pointe
Agency, Wis., in January wrote to
Washington urgently for thirty days' va-
cations to save his wards from starva-
tion, and Congress immediately au-
thorized the expenditure of \$75,000 for
them, with a proviso that the Treas-
ury was to be reimbursed out of money to
be received hereafter for lands or timber
now owned by the Indians in question.

Special Agent GARDINER now reports that
the Indians refuse to receive the supplies,
are not in urgent need and are unwilling
to mortgage their land or timber for the
ration. It looks as if the story about their
starving and the bill rushed through for
their relief were features of a scheme to
rob them of coveted possessions.

LETTERS from all the points at which
the Enterprise touched during her long
and sensational cruise concur in the state-
ment that Commander McCALLA had "a
halcyon and vociferous time" wherever
he landed, and left behind him very
vivid impressions as to the ability of the
American naval officer to give the oar-
boy points on roystering and painting
things red. If the forthcoming court-mar-
tial should record all the accessible
testimony in regard to his doings afloat
and on shore, the volume will afford the
sportive youth of our country a great va-
riety of bright and novel suggestions
about teaching foreigners what stunning
rowdies we free-born Americans are.

MORT, the famous spiritualist and medi-
um of Memphis, Mo., died at Kansas City
a day or two ago of softening of the brain.
His most distinguished convert, Gen. ISAAC
EATON of Leavenworth, died of the same
disease a few years ago, after witnessing
with MOTT's assistance the marriage of
his dead daughter to ex-President
PIERCE's son in the land of the spirits. It
is proper to say, however, that several
prominent lawyers, physicians and poli-
ticians of Kansas City who are firm be-
lievers in MOTT, have as yet shown no
other symptom of the Mott disease.

RE-ELECTED for another term of six
years, Senator ALLISON of Iowa may now
be expected to relapse into the role of a
genuine tariff reformer. The Allison bill
of last session was only a campaign
"fake," which has served its purpose and
will now be cast aside. Enormous appro-
priations will force his party to raise
more revenue by reducing the tariff on im-
ports, and Senator ALLISON will then once
more figure as the leader of the low-tariff
section of his party. He likes to serve
his country that way when such service
is compatible with party service.

WINDOM has awarded the fur seal
monopoly to a new company on terms
which will yield the Government a reve-
nue of \$1,000,000 a year instead of \$500,000.
As the new company is composed of big
capitalists who expect to make big money
out of the contract while paying \$700,000 a
year more for it than the old company paid,
the country can now see very clearly
that the latter probably made at least
\$20,000,000 out of its twenty years' lease
on an investment of \$200,000.

In refusing to interfere with official ap-
pointments in Cincinnati under the Board
of Public Improvements or with appoint-
ments in any State institution controlled
by a board of trustees Gov. CAMPBELL
has set a splendid example to his fellow
Governors. The petty dictation of spoils
distributions by the Chief Executives of
States in the interest of their personal
machines is one of the most disreputable
methods of corrupt and tyrannical bossism.

Pennsylvania's Ruined Farmers.

The farmers of Montgomery and Berks
Counties have been aroused to organized
action by the general depression in the farm-
ing interests of these counties. It is claimed
that the market value of farm lands in Mon-
tgomery County has declined 40 per cent during
the last ten years, and it is ascertained in
both counties that many farmers will be com-
pelled to abandon farming in the near future
unless some speedy and substantial relief can
be obtained.

The depression of the farming interests is
not only logical, but it is inevitable. They are
now paying nearly the same high war taxes
everything that they have that they paid when
they received war prices of \$2 per bushel for
their wheat and like prices for all their
other products. The needless tariff taxes the
farmers pay upon the necessities of their in-
dustry and the necessities of life would make
the difference between actual loss and reason-
able profit on any well-regulated farm in
Montgomery and Berks Counties.

The farmers are mocked with false protec-
tion, and thus taxed excessively on what they
must buy when there is no possible method of
protecting them in their chief products, the
price of which is regulated by the foreign
market to which their surplus must go.

Mob Violence Never Right.

From the New York World.

We have the keenest sympathy with the
women of Missouri in their hostility to the
illegal saloons which tempt their sons to de-
struction. We have only detestation for the
lawbreakers who keep these unlicensed den-
s for the corrupt officers of the law who re-
fuse or neglect to enforce the law against
them.

But even in such a case we must condemn a
resort to lawless violence in a civilized com-
munity as we do in all other cases.

Mob violence is never right where the ma-
chinery of civilized society exists. If wrong
is done it is the business of the law officers
and not of mob to repress and punish it. If
the law officers refuse or neglect to do so it is
the business of the people to go to the polls
and elect better men in their stead.

The Workingman's Pay-Day.

From the Ashland (O.) Gazette-New York Special.

It is a crying shame that large corporations,
such as factories, railroads and the like, are
not compelled to pay their hands at least once
a week. The workman has to wait a month
for his pay in a terrible disad-

vanage and his wages are generally con-
sumed before being received. The world,
which is pushing the bill along, deserves
great credit for showing up the hardships of
the present system.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

At a recent great ball at the Russian court
all the ladies appeared in white.

An interesting controversy is under way in
the English papers as to whether ladies should
ride man-fashion.

A YOUNG lady of Portland, Me., boasts that
she wins enough money at poker to keep her-
self supplied with gloves.

ELLA WHISKEY WILCOX recently gave a re-
ception at which the conversation through the
evening was carried on in the French lan-
guage.

ANNIE BESANT, the English Socialist, who is
about to visit New York, is a tall, thin, dark-
faced woman, with wavy, dark hair and "the
pluck of a flamingo."

AN English Countess advises that she is
willing to present Americans at court and to
London society during the coming season for
\$500, payable in advance.

The Empress of Brazil was a patron of
Senora X., a worthy business woman of Rio,
whose sign now reads: "Senora X., correct
maker to the Republic of Brazil."

"OUIDA," in her recent paper on Shelley,
says: "Who would not give the lives of a
hundred thousand ordinary women to make
happy for a moment a single man?"

JANE HARVEY is lying at the point of death
at St. Joseph, Mo., aged 119 years. She was
born in March, 1771, on the farm of Col.
Henry Harvey, near Paris, Bourbon County,
Ky.

This beautiful Duchess of Leinster is a brun-
nette, while her haughtily handsome sister,
Lady Helen Duncombe, has bright chestnut
hair, making a striking contrast when they
appear together.

Mrs. SALLY T. WHITE, the President of the
New England Woman's Press Association, was
the first woman journalist who secured a po-
sition on a Boston newspaper. She began her
journalistic career twenty-one years ago, and
has remained at it ever since.

MEN OF MARK.

CHIEF JUSTICE CORNELL of Delaware is 6
feet 10 inches in height.

JAC DOWD is going to stoek with trout a
lake he has bought in the Catskills.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, Secretary Tracy and
Ex-Senator Platt were schoolmates.

HANS VON BULOW has resigned in a huff his
position as pianist to the German court.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Property Owners Want the Streets

improved.

Citizens living and owning property on

South Sixth street are preparing petitions to

be presented to the City Council asking for

the improvement of that thoroughfare from

Broadway to the Little Poland mill. It is de-

sired that the street be repaved on a line

with the proposed improvement of

Broadway and Collingwood and Missouri

avenues. The petitioners also want the

street paved, either with brick or granite,

the latter being preferred. Numerous

signatures have already been secured to

the petitions, which will probably be laid be-

fore the Council at its next meeting. The

owners of property on Main street in the

block between Broadway and Missouri avenue

are also desirous of having improvements

made, and want that block of

street reconstructed. A petition praying the

Council to have the repaving done was pre-

pared some time ago, and the signatures of

citizens owning a large majority of front feet

in the block were soon secured.

Thirty odd laborers of the recently com-

menced suit in Justice Tinsler's court against

the Citizens Electric Light & Power Co., for

wages, and were awarded judgments for the

full amount of their claims, af-

fected by a settlement made yesterday.

The boardman of William Norton,

the contractor by whom they were employed,

Norton had the suit dismissed, and the

company's poles and employed these men to

do the work. A few weeks ago, while the

work was still going on, he drew about \$200

account from the company with him to pay

them. Instead of paying them, however, he

boarded a steamer and left the city

with the money, and has not

since returned. The workmen sued the

company and secured judgments as stated.

The company, however, appealed the case to

the Circuit Court. Yesterday Charles Luckey

and William Norton, Contractor Norton's

bondsmen, offered to compromise with the

men by paying half the amount of their judg-

ments. They consented to this and the mat-

ter was thus settled.

Coroner Woods was called to Goose Lake, a

settlement a few miles below Centerville Sta-

tion, yesterday evening, to hold an inquest on

the body of a man who had died without

medical attendance. Upon arriving there he

found the dead man to be John Campbell, a

farmer who had lived many years in that

section and was well known.

At the inquest it was ascertained that he

died from natural causes, he having been

attacked a few days ago by pneumonia,

which took a fatal turn within a very short

time.

The estate of the late Thomas Winstanley,

who was one of the wealthiest farmers in the

vicinity of East St. Louis, was settled in the

County Court yesterday after a complete

settlement as presented by the executors,

Jerome Winstanley and Elizabeth Winstanley,

showed a balance in their favor of \$10,000.

The settlement was approved by Judge Hay.

Miss Corrie Little, daughter of William

Little of the National Stock Yards, was mar-

ried yesterday to Charles Smith of St. Louis,

a son of Samuel C. Smith, a member of the

Legislature from St. Clair County. The wedding

occurred at Summit

Avenue N. E. Chicago, and was

attended by a large number of friends.

A large audience attended the wedding

lecture yesterday evening at the Presbyterian

Church. His discourse was pronounced very

able and interesting, and he heard it being

well pleased. A number who were unable to

attend last night will go to St. Louis to hear

him this evening.

The Young Men's Republican Club will hold

a meeting to-morrow evening at the office of

F. W. Wilson to hear the report of the

delegates, who attended the Springfield con-

vention last week.

GROWING IN IMPORTANCE.

East St. Louis has advanced in real estate

importance to such an extent that a title

abstract and title guarantee company has

been established there. This is an organiza-

tion with a capital of \$100,000, and is in-

corporated by the State of Illinois. The incor-

porators are J. T. Donovan, J. B. Guignon and

J. T. McDonald. Headquarters of the com-

pany are at the only place where any information

about St. Clair County titles was to be obtained.

Belleville.

On Tuesday Deputy County Clerk Fiesch-

bel issued a marriage license to Henry

Schultz and Amelia Schaefer, upon their rep-

resentation, backed by affidavits that they

were of the required age. The couple claimed

to live in Belleville and were accompanied by

George Klenz of this city, who is Schaefer's

uncle also made an affidavit to the truth of

their statements. The ceremony took place

afternoon a woman who claimed to be Miss Schaefer's

mother made her appearance in Bel-

leville in search of her daughter, who

she said had run away from their home in St.

Louis. She first visited the County Clerk's

office, and there ascertained that her daughter

had been licensed to marry Schultz. At this

she became furious, and after a long

struggle, she succeeded in obtaining from

Deputy Fieschbel having issued the

license, saying that neither her daughter nor

the young man were her children. She then

left, but she was not satisfied, and she

said that she would sue for the license, and

that she would sue for the license, and

that she would sue for the license, and

Sonnenfeld's

Choice and Sensible Bargains for To-Morrow,

REMUNANT DAY.

MILLINERY!

ADVANCE

Spring Styles Now Ready.

New Toques.

New Flower Hats.

New Bonnets.

Child's Untrimmed Hats.

Children's Trimmed Hats.

Children's Large Flats.

Rose Corsage Bouquets.

12 1-2c Bunch.

Long Showy Rose Wreaths.

69 Cents.

All Shapes in Hats.

29 Cents Up.

Ladies' Enameled Sailors.

\$1.19 Each.

RIBBONS.

No. 4 black satin edge all-

silk Ribbon for dress

trimming.....7 1/2c yd

No. 16 satin and gros-grain

Ribbon, all-silk ribbon,

all colors.....10c yd

No. 30 black satin edge

gros-grain all-silk Rib-

bon.....29c yd

Nos. 22 and 30 all-silk

Plaid Ribbons.....29c yd

ALL COMBINATIONS.

Bargains in Remnants of Em-

broideries, Laces, Linens, White

and Piece Goods.

A Beautiful Souvenir Given Away With Every

Purchase To-Morrow.

SONNENFELD'S

815, 817, 819, 821

North Broadway.

THE KLOPPERS CAPTURED.

Owen Palmer and Miss Pearl Wolfe ar-

rested this morning.

D. E. Wolfe, a brother of Miss Pearl Wolfe,

the 15-year-old girl who eloped from Oak-

town, Ind., last Monday with Owen Palmer,

arrived in the city last night and was

seen in Recorder Hobbs' office this

morning. He was on the track of

the couple until noon to-day, when he

received a telegram from his brother in Oak-

town that Palmer and the girl had been ar-

rested in Illinois but at what point the tele-

gram did not state. The elopement of the pair

was noticed in the telegraph columns of the

Post-Dispatch, and the name of the girl was

ascent out from Vincennes, Ind., is somewhat

inaccurate, and the story of the elopement

was told by Wolfe this morning. He said,

"This man Owen Palmer," he said, "came

to our country about three years ago. He is

about thirty years of age and a good looking

man. He was looking for work, and asked

my mother to give him a trial, saying he had

not money to pay for his trip, and he did not

want to pay any if he did not like the bill.

He hired him a better room, and I never

saw him after working around two years

and running the farm by my mother's side.

About a month ago he came to me, saying

that he wanted to marry a girl, and he said

that he had a letter from her, and he said

that he had a letter from her, and he said

that he had a letter from her, and he said

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that he had a letter from her, and he said

that he had a letter from her, and he said

that he had a letter from her, and he said

NOTIONS.

Clark's best 6-cord Spool Cotton,

45c doz

American Pins.....1c

Hook and Eyes, 2 doz.....1c

Pure Silk Corset Laces, 4 yards

long, all colors.....18c

India Linen Tape, 2 rolls.....5c

Fancy Silk Garter Elastic.....10c yd

New Ruffled Garter Elastic.....8c

Fast Dye French letters for mark-

ing linen, etc., 6 dozen letters,

for.....8c

Darling Cotton, 1 dozen.....5c

Shoe Dressing.....3c

French Shoe Blacking.....1c

Pure Silk Jersey Buttons, all

colors.....5c doz

Cotton Tape, all sizes, doz.....8c

Machine Oil.....5c

Kingston Dress Stays, 9 inches,

dozen.....4c

Linen Corset Laces, 4 yards long,

all colors.....5c

Hair Pin Cabinets.....8c

Corset Stays.....5c

King's 500-yard Cotton.....4c

Imported Jet Buckles.....21c

6 1/2 and 7 1/2-inch Shears.....10c

GLOVES.

50 doz Ladies' 4-Button Embroid-

ered Back Genuine French Kid

Gloves for Friday only, 50c; regular

price, 80c.

50 doz Ladies' 8-Button Length

Tan Undressed (Suede) Mousque-

taine Kid Gloves, 45c; regular

price, \$1.00.

HOSIERY.

80 doz Ladies' black plaited Silk

Hose, reg. made, double heels and

toes, for Friday only, 45c; regular

price, \$1.00.

100 doz Ladies' fancy stripe and

unbleached Balbriggan Hose, regu-

lar made double heels and toes, for

Friday only, 10c pair; regular price

20c and 25c.

Odds and Ends in Ladies', Men's

and Children's Hose, 10c; worth 20c.

Odds and Ends in Ladies' and

Men's Hose, 5c; worth 15c.

Handkerchiefs.

Gents' Colored Border Hem-

stitched Handkerchiefs, 4c; worth

7 1/2c.

Ladies' Colored Border Hem-

stitched Handkerchiefs, 2 1/2c; worth

7 1/2c.

Ladies' Sheer Embroidered Hand-

kerchiefs, seconds, 10c; worth 20c.

Ladies' Extra Fine Embroidered

Linen Handkerchiefs, 15c; worth

25c.

Ladies' Black Hemstitched Japa-

nese Silk Handkerchiefs, 25c; worth

40c.

DIED.

CONNELL—March 6, at 2 a. m., LAURA, beloved

daughter of Elias and the late James B. Connell,

deceased, from family residence, 1812 O'Fallon

street, at 2 p. m., March 7, to St. Lawrence

O'Fallon's Church.

Knappe City (Mo.), Beaver Falls (Pa.), Leadville

(Colo.) papers please copy.

HAWKINS—FRANK S. HAWKINS died March 5, at

San Antonio, Tex., aged 22 years and 3 months,

husband of Mrs. Edith A. Hawkins, nee Morey, son of

J. F. and S. H. Hawkins.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

Pearla (Ill.) and Milburn, Lake County (Ill.) papers

please copy.

KREGEL—LAURA KREGEL, nee Logans, beloved

widow of Louis G. Kregel, died March 5, at 6

m. m., at Malvern, Ark., aged 29 years, 6 months

and 5 days.

Funeral will take place on Saturday, at 2 p. m.,

from residence of parents, 1727 Carr street. Rela-

tives and friends are invited to attend.

LINDLEY—At his residence, No. 2718 Mil-

lennet street, on Wednesday, March 5, at 5 a. m., after a

long and painful illness, JOSEPH B. LINDLEY, father

of A. E. and H. C. Lindley, in the 70th year of his

age.

Funeral services Sunday morning, March 9, at 11

o'clock, at the Third Congregational Church, corner

Page and Grand avenues. Friends of the family in-

vited to attend.

SHERRID—Wednesday, March 5, at 2 p. m., at the

residence of her brother-in-law, Thomas Boyd, 3829

North Grand avenue, ELIZABETH, beloved wife of

W. J. Sherrid, aged 32 years.

Funeral Friday, March 7, at 2:30 p. m.

Rochester (N. Y.) and Topeka (Kan.) papers please

copy.

HARRIS—Out of the Combination. Carriages

CHAS.

D. S. HELTZELL & CO.,

M. D. HELTZELL & CO.,)
MISSION MERCHANTS

Seeds, Broom Corn, Flour, Mill Feed; Walnut, &c.
H. Furs, Felt, Eggs, Poultry, Butter, Game in season.
Currents sent on application.

South Main Street, St. Louis, Mo.

G. Dun & Co., Fink & Nasse, Wholesale Grocers; T

RY COMMISSION C

COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS.
Wool, Grass Seed, Flax Seed, Castor Beans, etc. We
s. Orders promptly executed in this and other mark

TH YSON,
SSION MERCHANT

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ERSON & CO.,
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ST. LOUIS
by sample. Liberal advances made on Consignments
of orders, in this and other markets, for future deliv

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of All Kinds Solicit
Castor Beans, Etc. We make a specialty of Track and

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REPRESENTS: ANY OLD ESTABLISHED HO
THE CITY. ESTABLISHED, 1871.

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
BRAIN, WOOL, HIDES-AND COUNTRY PR
208-210 N. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, M

Established 1875.

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COMMISSION MERCHANT

Special attention given to filling orders for
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No. 212 N. Third Street. ST. LOUIS.

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LUMBER COMMISSION MERCHANTS
And dealers in all kinds of hardwood lumber,
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General Commission Merchants
812 N. THIRD STREET.

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Grain, Eggs, Poultry, Dried Fruit,
Wool, Game, Hides, Etc.
No. 14 S. Commercial St., St. Louis.

T. C. TAYLOR & CO.
224 N. COMMERCIAL ST., ST. LOUIS.
Consignments of all kinds solicited.

NS, Grain, Hay, Seeds, Wool, Hides, Furs
Track stuff a specialty.

Dealers in Butter, Eggs, Dried Fruit, Etc.,
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Fruits, Produce, Game and Poultry
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GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Wholesale Dealer in
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708 N. THIRD ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

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PRODUCE AND COMMISSIONS
ALL CAME IN SEASON.
217 MARKET ST.
ESTABLISHED 1874.

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Butter, Eggs, Lard, Bacon, Poultry, Game, Potatoes, Onions, Beans, Grain, Peas, Wood, Hides, St. Louis, Grand Central Market, St. Louis, Mo. 207 N. Main St., St. Louis.

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COMMISSION MERCHANT

All Kinds of Country Produce. Eggs especially.

Nos. 926 & 928 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.

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General Commission Merchant, Fruits, Produce

No. 1029 N. THIRD STREET.
Specialties—Apples, Potatoes, Onions, Cabbages,
Sauer Kraut in car lots.
SPECIAL PRICES and our motto.

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214 North Main street and 215 North Commercial
St. Louis. Telephone 325

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FRUIT AND PRODUCE
925 NORTH THIRD STREET.

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Wool, Hides, Furs, Feathers, Pelts, Tallow,
Produce.
115 N. Main Street. St. Louis

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Hay, Grain, Flour, Seeds, Dried Fruit, Hides, Wool.

Feathers, Furs, Poultry, Eggs, etc.
330 NORTH MAIN ST. St. Louis,
Consignment and Correspondence Solicited.

Consignments and Correspondence with
FUNSTEN & MOORE
 GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
 400 N. Main St. - - St. Louis,
 shipments of all kinds solicited and order
 filled. Bacon, etc., promptly filled at lowest price.
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P. M. KIELY & CO.
 COMMISSION MERCHANTS
 914 North Third Street, St. Louis.
CHAS. P. BASY
 General Commission Merchant
 DEALER IN EGGS, BUTTER, FRUIT
 GRASS SEEDS, ETC.
 205 1/2 North Third Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.
